2008 Benthic Flux Chamber Study Update

South River Science Team October 21, 2008

Rich Landis, DuPont JR Flanders, URS

Progress

- Developed method for deployment in gravel/cobble substrates
- Completed two BFC deployments to support the eco studies:
 - May: 4 FGCM deposits
 - August: 2 FGCM deposits, 4 embedded gravel areas
- Completed two BFC deployments to study the mass balance within a reach:
 - June: 3 FGCM deposits, 2 embedded gravel areas
 - Sept: 6 embedded gravel areas

May '08 BFC Eco Study



RRM 5.2 BFCs deployed Doom's Dam mill race

BFCs deployed in a flooded wetland feature in the oxbow at RRM 1.6



May '08 BFC Eco Study

Site		Date	BFC Type	FI	ux	Sediment Data			
Location	Habitat			(ng*m⁻	² *hr ⁻¹)	THg	MeHg	LOI	
				FIHg	FMeHg	ug	/g	%	
RRM 1.6	FGCM	5/6/2008	Opaque	-4.29	-11.36	3.06	0.01	13.98	
	Deposit	5/0/2008	Clear	17.21	-6.11	5.90			
RRM 5.2	FGCM	5/6/2008	Opaque	70.26	-4.81	15 15	0.06	6.46	
	Deposit	5/0/2008	Clear	144.83	-12.64	4J.1J	0.00	0.70	
RRM 6.2	FGCM	5/7/2008	Opaque	106.69	15.23	18.00	0 11	23.23	
	Deposit	5/7/2008	Clear	112.00	21.34	10.90	0.11	23.23	
RRM 12.8	FGCM	5/8/2008	Opaque	112.60	37.55	45 20	0.20	12 0/	
	Deposit	5/6/2008	Clear	-36.26	14.44	45.20	0.20	16.74	

- Wetland habitat at RRM 1.6 and mill race habitat at RRM 5.2 appear to be sinks for FMeHg
- FMeHg fluxes for FGCM deposits at 6.2 and 12.8 are within range of previous data.
- FIHg fluxes are within the range of previous data

May '08 BFC & SW Data

- FIHg and FMeHg fluxes from FGCM deposits uniformly low compared to SW
- FGCM deposits may not be significant source of FIHg or FMeHg to SW due to their limited areal extent
- The range of DO measured in BFCs were similar to the long term 24 hr surface water DO.



June '08 Reach Study Design

- Deployed BFCs at six locations between RRM 2.3 and RRM 5.0
- Collected SW samples at bridges (HP and Dooms') in AM and PM to determine reach wide flux



June '08 BFC Reach Study



RRM 4.0 FGCM deposit near the Shifflet farm

Typical example of embedded gravel streambed in the majority river - RRM 4.0



June '08 BFC Reach Study

Site	Habitat	Date	Whole River Flux (ng/hr/m²)					Flux		Sediment Data			
Location			FIHg		FMeHg		BFC Type	(ng/hr/m²)		THg	MeHg	Fines	LOI
			AM	PM	AM	PM		FIHg	FMeHg	ug/g		%	
RRM 2.8	FGCM	6/17/2008	490	651	53	61	Opaque	-16.6	29.5	18	0.03	38	3.1
	Deposit						Clear	10.4	26.4				
RRM 4.0 FGCN Depos	FGCM						Opaque	-45.4	117.3	24	0.09	56	2.5
	Deposit						Clear	-39.4	163.9				
RRM 4.6	FGCM	6/18/2008	456	618	36	33	Opaque	-44.4	30.1	21 56	0.06	41	3.5
	Deposit [.]						Clear	16.7	40.4				
RRM 4.0	Rock Plate						Opaque	-42.5	11.1		0.12		1.4
							Clear	-35.8	2.1				
RRM 4.0	Embedded	6/19/2008	498	661	31	40	Opaque	28.3	3.7	69	0.07		1.1
	Gravel						Clear	56.2	6.7				
RRM 4.6	Embedded.	0/17/2000					Opaque	43.5	8.4	38	0.04		1.6
	Gravel						Clear	107.0	5.9				

- FMeHg Flux rates measured from FGCM deposit at RRM 4.0 are elevated, but do not appear to be a significant source due to its limited areal extent of FGCM deposit.
- FMeHg Flux rates measured from the embedded gravel at RRM 4.6 suggests that it could be an important source to surface water due to its much greater areal extent.
- Flux of FIHg from the embedded gravel streambed is still somewhat of a mystery?

Aug '08 BFC Eco Study



Aug '08 BFC Eco Study

	Habitat	Date	BFC Type	Fl	ux	Sediment Data				
Site Location				(ng*m	⁻² *hr ⁻¹)	THg	MeHg	%Fines	LOI	
				FIHg	FMeHg	ug/g		%		
RRM 3.0	FGCM	8/10/2008	Opaque	144.65	5.18					
	Deposit	8/19/2008	Clear	84.89	-0.64					
RRM 4.6	Embedded	8/20/2008	Opaque	124.78	1.24					
	Gravel		Clear	222.27	7.45					
RRM 6.2	FGCM	8/19/2008	Opaque	51.28	1.33					
	Deposit		Clear	97.66	11.42					
RRM 7.4	Embedded	8/21/2008	Opaque	-31.13	9.32					
	Gravel		Clear	50.90	4.29					
RRM 8.7	Embedded	8/20/2008	Opaque	-27.27	4.16					
	Gravel		Clear	-3.42	-1.71					
RRM 12.8	FGCM	8/21/2008	Opaque	12.89	2.90					
	Deposit		Clear	9.54	13.90					

Note: Sediment data is pending analysis

Aug '08 BFC Eco Study

- FIHg and FMeHg fluxes from FGCM deposits were low or similar compared to SW
- As in May, FGCM deposits may not be significant source of FIHg or FMeHg to SW due to their limited areal extent
- The embedded gravel streambed may be a significant source of FMeHg to SW due to its much greater areal extent.



Going Forward

- Complete analysis of Aug. and Sept.2008 BFC samples and data
- Complete tests using pressure transducers to determine if advective flow is significantly influenced by BFCs in embedded gravel deployments
- Conduct BFC enhanced stirring tests to potentially better account for more FIHg and FMeHg for embedded gravel deployments
- Potentially develop thinner BFC to study areas closer to the banks
- Focus BFC deployments in 2009 on embedded gravel
- Continue to strive for reach habitat mass balance of FIHg and FMeHg