

# TMDLs in the Valley and across Virginia

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# POP QUIZ



1. What federal law protects water quality?
2. What Virginia legislation requires clean-up plans for “dirty waters” and expands geographic coverage of monitoring?
3. Which of the following fish are endemic to the Shenandoah Valley (and Virginia in general):  
Brown Trout, Rainbow Trout, Brook Trout

# Discussion Topics



- What is a TMDL?
- TMDL and IP Review
- Elements of Successful TMDLs
- Discussion Topics?



# What is a TMDL?

- **Total Maximum Daily Load** – the amount of pollution a waterbody can take in and still maintain water quality standards
  - “Pollution Diet”
  - Mandated by Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act



Control Meas.  
Mgmt. Strat.  
Permits, BMPs

Water Quality  
Monitoring

Assessment

•305 (b) WQA  
Report

•303(d) Impaired  
Waters List

# Water Quality Standards

Watershed Plans  
303(e), etc.

TMDLs

EPA

Public  
Participation

EPA

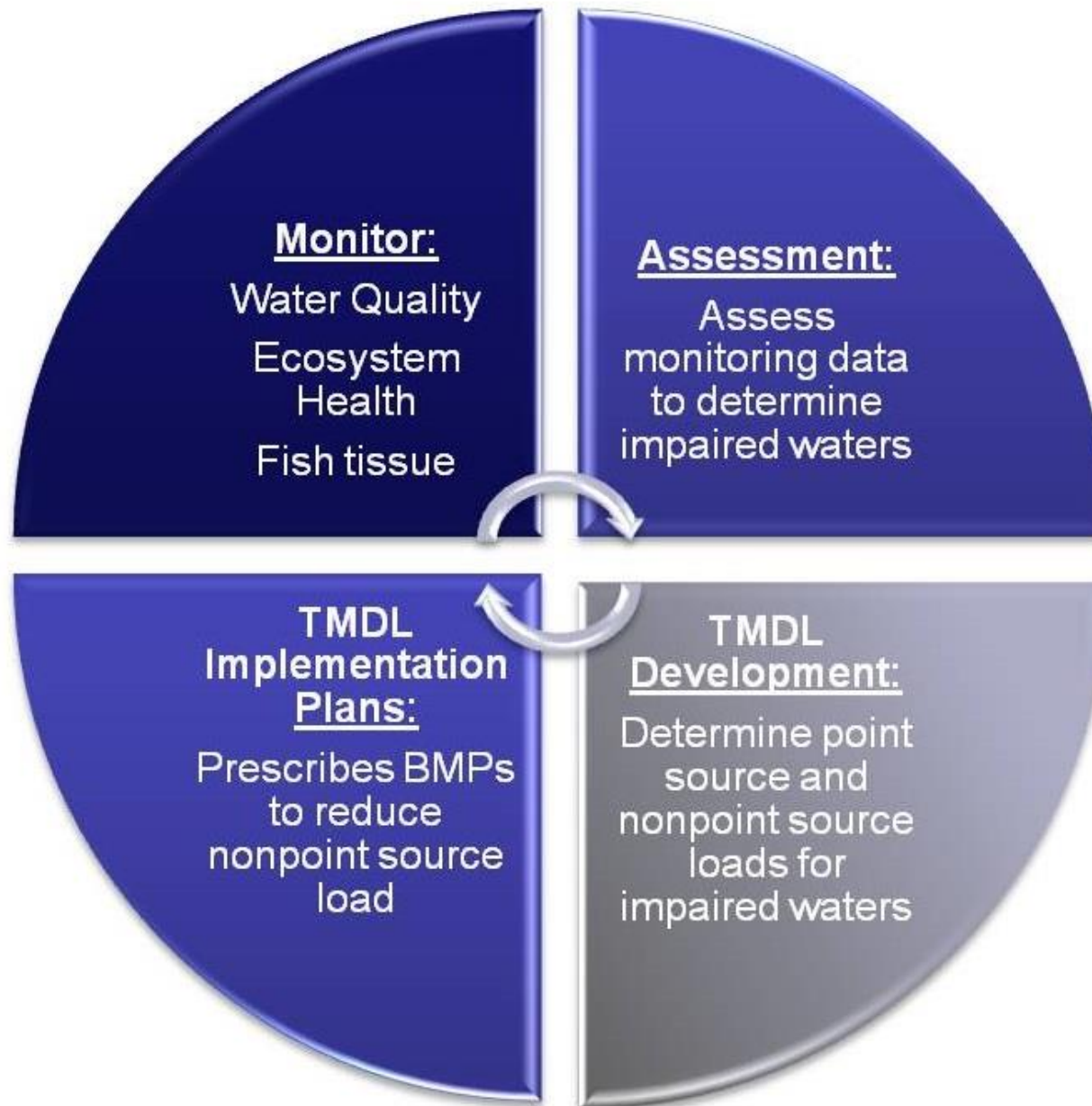
Public  
Participation

EPA

Public  
Participation

CONTINUING PLANNING PROCESS

# TMDL Development Process



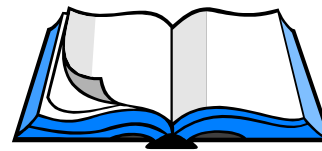
# The Goal



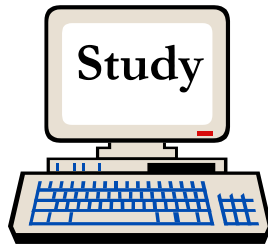
# The Process



## Implementation Plan



Identifies permit controls or best management practices needed to make necessary pollutant reductions



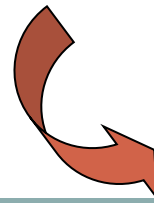
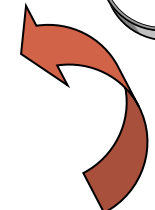
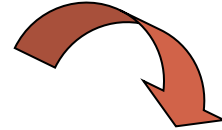
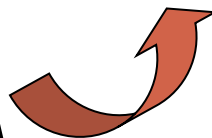
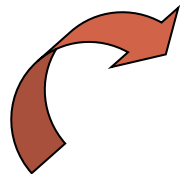
- Identifies sources of pollution
- Calculates amounts from each source
- Sets maximum pollutant load
- Estimates necessary pollutant reductions to meet water quality standards

## Implementation



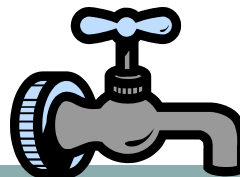
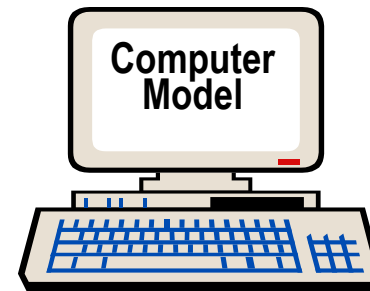
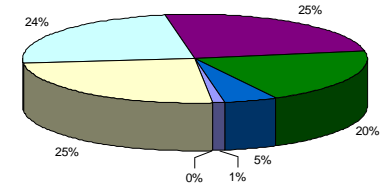
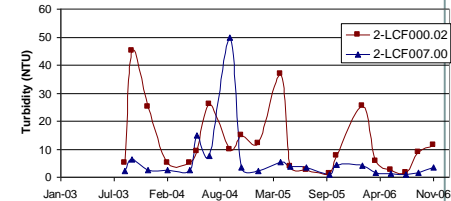
Water quality standards met

Water quality standards not met



# What are the Goals of the Study?

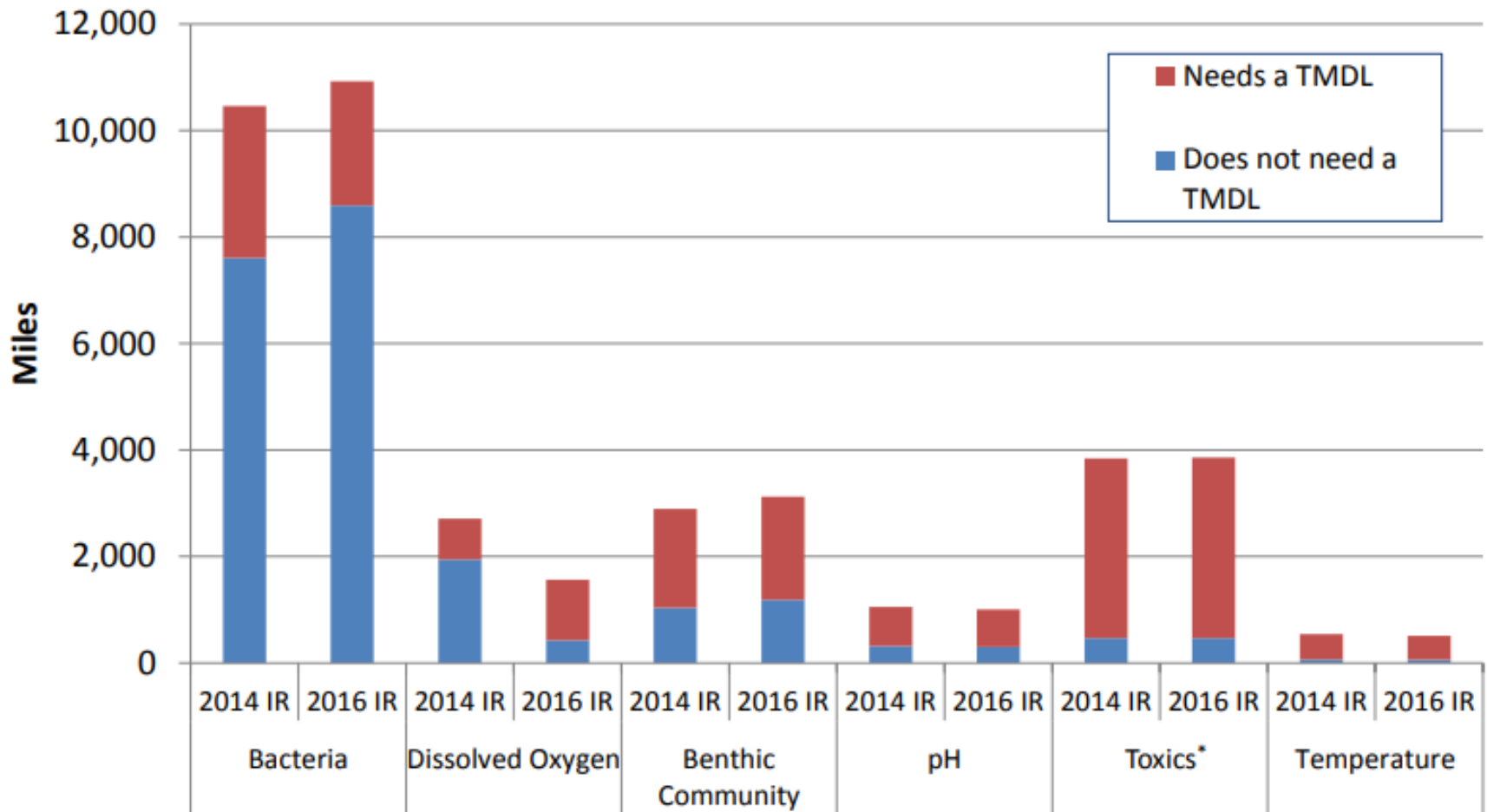
- Identify Pollutants
- Identify Sources
- Calculate Loads
- Model Water Quality
- Estimate Reductions



**Total  
Maximum  
Daily  
Load**



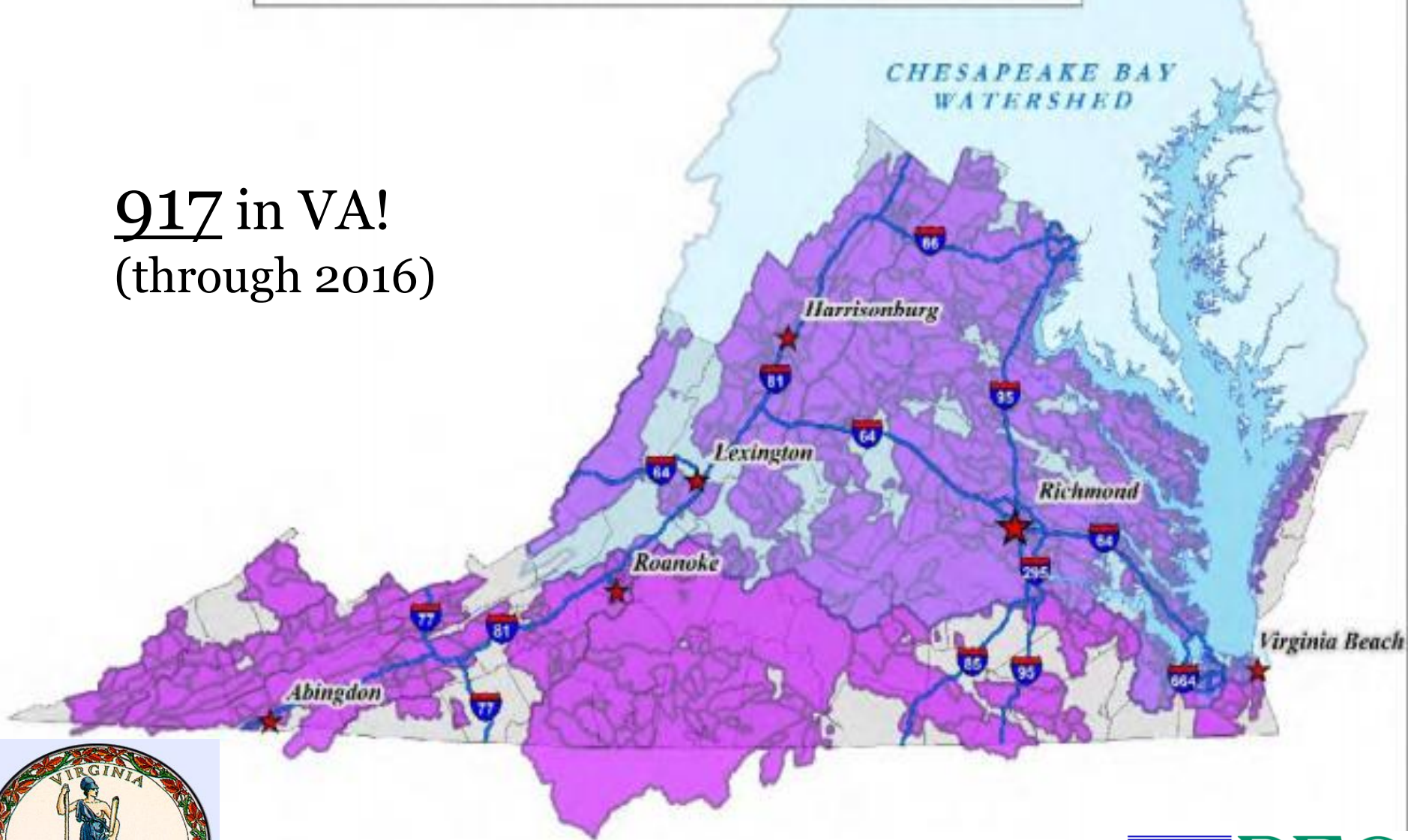
# Summary of Impaired Rivers



\* The overwhelming majority of toxics impairments in rivers, lakes and estuaries are due to exceedances of thresholds for PCBs and Mercury in fish tissue.

# Local TMDL Watersheds

917 in VA!  
(through 2016)



# TMDL Implementation Plan

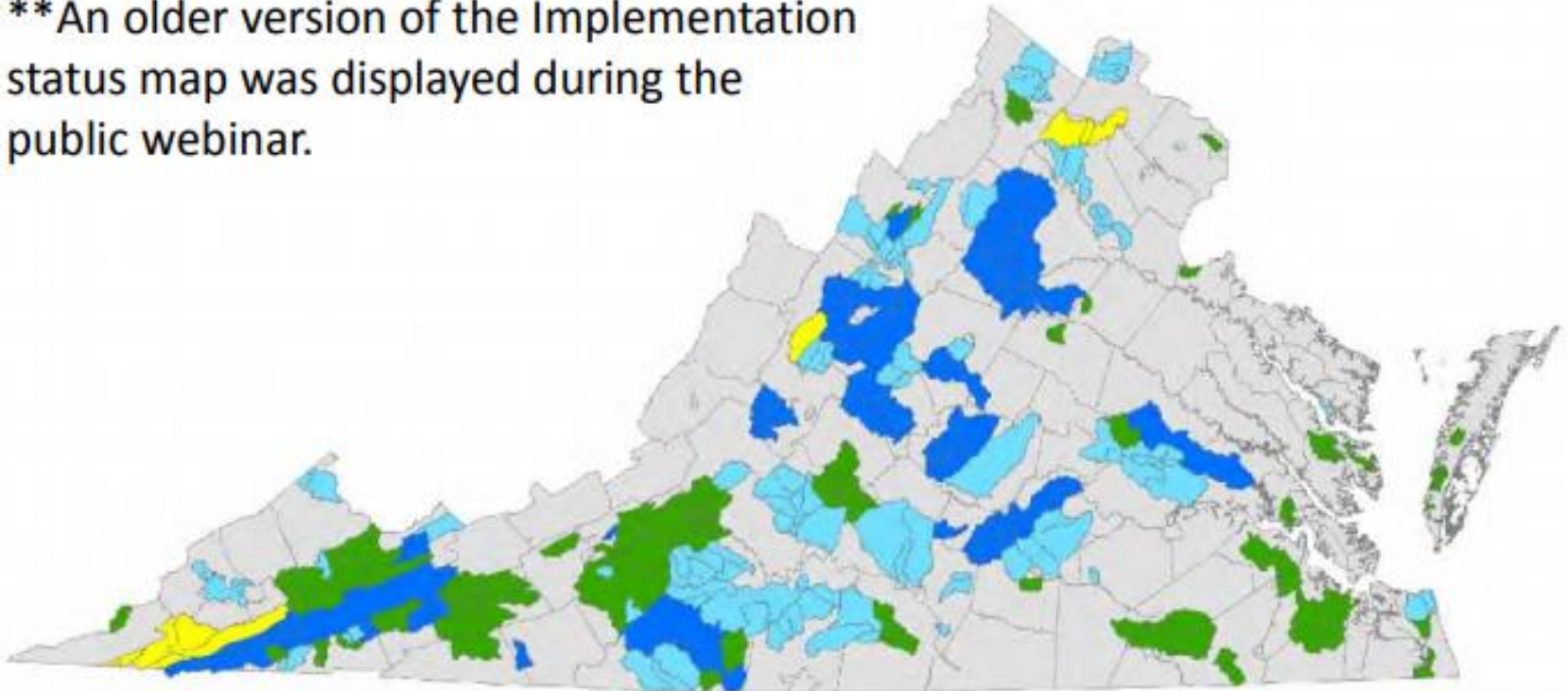


- TMDL IP – the next step in the TMDL process
  - Required in Virginia by WQMIRA (1997) – Charged DEQ to “develop and implement a plan to achieve fully supporting status for impaired waters”
  - Sets out a plan for the pollutant reductions called for in the TMDL
  - 83 completed through 2016
    - ✦ Addressing 429 impairments



## TMDL Implementation Watersheds

\*\*An older version of the Implementation status map was displayed during the public webinar.

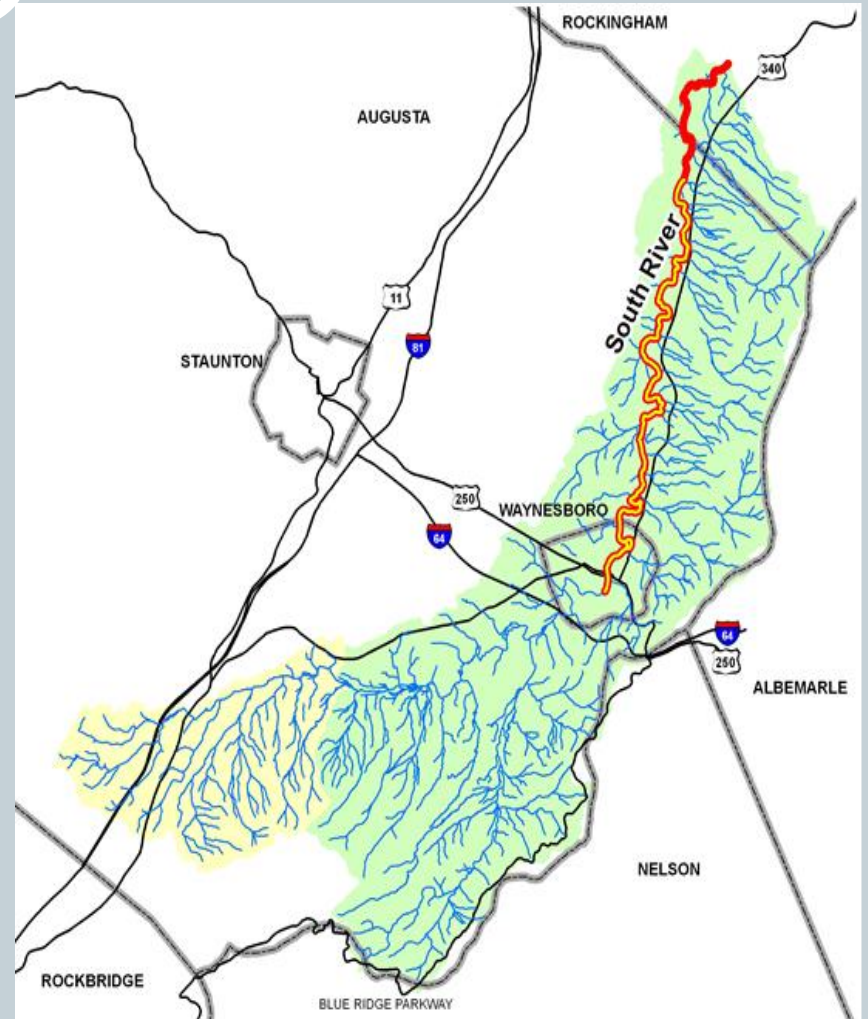


-  Implementation Project Underway
-  Implementation Project Closed - No longer receiving targeted grant funds
-  Implementation Plan Underway
-  Implementation Plan Complete



# South River TMDLs and IPs

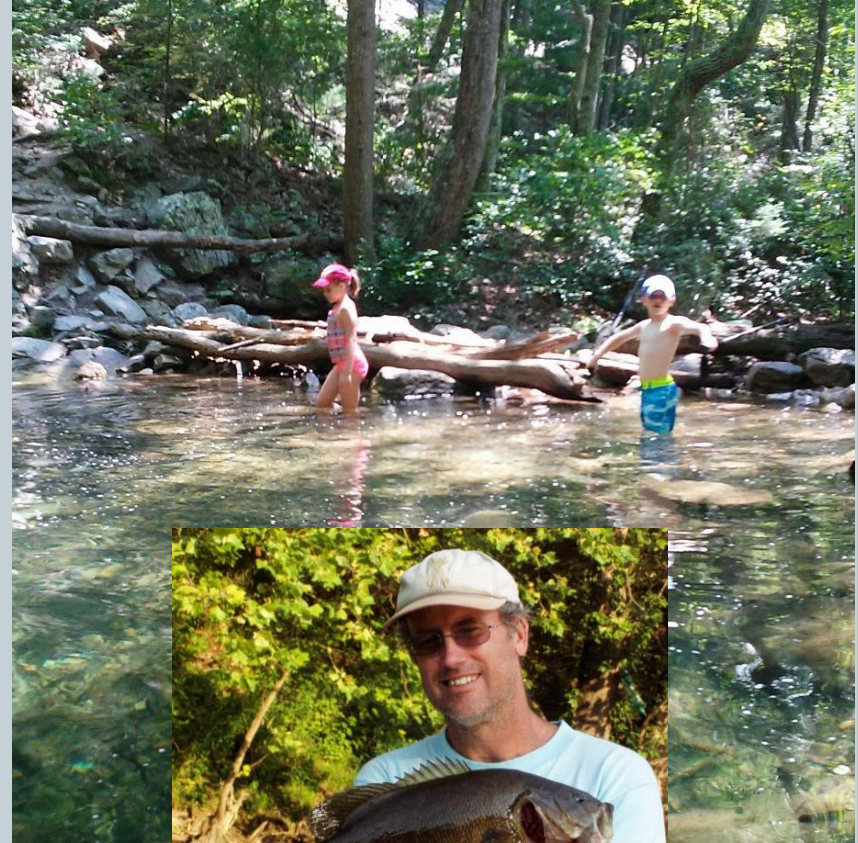
- **South River Impairments**
  - Mercury in Fish Tissue
  - Bacteria
  - Aquatic life (benthic)
- **South River TMDLs**
  - Mercury (2010)
  - E. Coli + Sediment + Phosphorus (2009)
- **South River IPs**
  - E. Coli + Sediment + Phosphorus (2012)



# Goal of the TMDL Process



- Restoration of designated use and attainment of water quality standards
- Return to full support of the recreational use and aquatic life statuses
  - “Swimmable” and “Fishable”



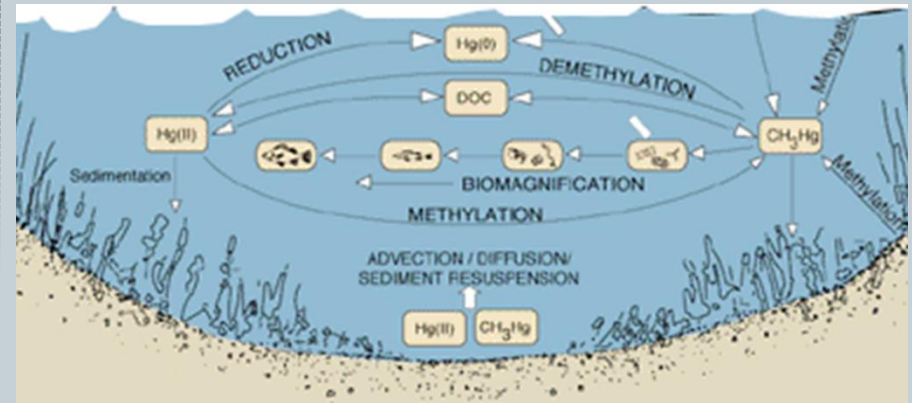
# Elements of Successful TMDLs

- Based in Good Science
- Make reductions meaningful
- Involve the Community
- Build a Foundation



# Elements of Successful TMDLs

- Based in Good Science
  - Understand the impairment
  - Collect all pieces of relevant data and information regarding the watershed
  - Characterize accurately and completely the sources of pollution





# Elements of Successful TMDLs



- Making reductions meaningful
  - And effective!

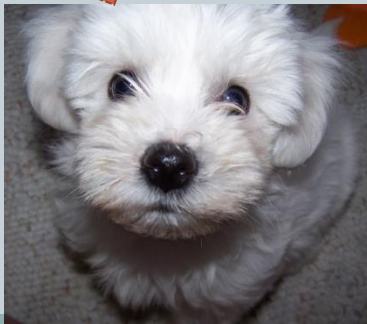
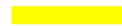


Table 3. Bacteria Allocation Scenarios for Hat Creek.

Scenario	E. Coli Loading Reduction (%)						% Violation of <i>E. coli</i> Standard		
	Livestock DD*	Cropland	Pasture	Straight Pipes	Residential		Wildlife DD*	Geo. Mean	Instantaneous
					Failing Septic Systems	Other			
Baseline	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42%	29%
01	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	8%	2%
02	100	100	100	100	100	100	35	0%	1%
03	99	90	90	100	100	0	35	0%	1%
04	90	10	10	100	100	0	0	17%	9%
05	85	40	40	100	100	0	0	17%	10%
06	80	70	70	100	100	0	0	17%	10%

\*DD - direct deposit



TMDL Allocation (never violates the Monthly Geometric Mean Standard)

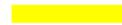


Stage 1 Implementation Option (violates the Instantaneous Standard less than 10.5% of the time)

Table 4. Bacteria Allocation Scenarios for Rucker Run.

Scenario	E. Coli Loading Reduction (%)						% Violation of <i>E. coli</i> Standard		
	Livestock DD*	Cropland	Pasture	Straight Pipes	Residential		Wildlife DD*	Geo. Mean	Instantaneous
					Failing Septic Systems	Other			
Baseline	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28%	24%
01	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	4%	2%
02	100	100	100	100	100	100	20	0%	2%
03	99	55	55	100	100	0	20	0%	5%
04	85	10	10	100	100	0	0	13%	10%
05	80	30	30	100	100	0	0	15%	10%
06	75	50	50	100	100	0	0	17%	10%

\*DD - direct deposit



TMDL Allocation (never violates the Monthly Geometric Mean Standard)



Stage 1 Implementation Option (violates the Instantaneous Standard less than 10.5% of the time)

# Elements of Successful TMDLs



- Involving the community
  - Inviting stakeholders groups
  - Utilizing existing Social Capital
  - Cementing **trust** and **respect**
  - Recognizing work already in progress
  - Identifying and capitalizing on common interests and goals



# Elements of Successful TMDLs



- **Building a Foundation**

- Successful TMDLs



- Successful IPs



- Grant Opportunities



- Implementation

*(ie –cows out of the creek,  
trees in the ground,  
biocharr absorbing Hg, etc.)*



**Water Quality  
improvement**



# Discussion Topics



- Lessons learned?
- Virginia Priorities
- Communicating and translating technical data to a non-technical audience

**THANK YOU!**

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