# Use of Experimental Stream Mesocosms to Assess Mercury Uptake in Periphyton

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## Why a Mesocosm?

#### • Growing need for manipulative experimentation

- Test elements of working conceptual model
- Test potential remedial strategies
- Mesocosms provide an appropriate platform for performing manipulative experiments
  - Level of environmental realism, while still allowing control of critical variables







## **Objectives**

- 1. Design a mesocosm system that can reasonably approximate the South River
- 2. Test the relative importance of waterborne or sediment-derived mercury in determining uptake into the biological community
- 3. Test the relative importance of hyporheic flow in determining Hg uptake





### **Mesocosm Design**

- Six, 8-ft PVC channels
- Loaded with
  - 1 kg depositional sediment
  - 8 kg sand/gravel
  - 1 kg guzzled sediment
  - 80 rocks





3.25 in



Vs.

• <u>Experiment #1</u> – Field testing of mesocosm design

• Is Hg uptake in mesocosm periphyton similar to river periphyton?

5 Rock Trays In River









• <u>Experiment #1</u> – Field testing of mesocosm design

• Periphyton was sampled at 2, 4, and 6 weeks of colonization



- What is the relative importance of waterborne or sediment-derived mercury in determining uptake into the biological community?
- 2x2 experimental design with clean/contaminated water and clean/contaminated sediment

		Sediment Source	
		North River	South River
		(14 – 17 ng/g Hg)	(5200 – 8000 ng/g Hg)
	North River	Control	Hg in Sediment
Water Source	(1.2 ng Hg/L)		
	South River	Hg in Water	Hg in Sediment
	(47 ng Hg/L)		and Water



- What is the relative importance of hyporheic flow in determining Hg uptake into the biological community?
- Similar set-up to previous experiment, but with and without hyporheic flow









## **Findings**

- The mesocosm design provides a relatively inexpensive, useful tool for experimentation in the South River
  - Provides a level of environmental realism not easily achieved in the laboratory
  - Provides an opportunity to experiment that is not easily achieved in the river
  - For periphyton Hg uptake, mesocosm provides a reasonable surrogate to the river





## **Findings**

- Under the mesocosm conditions, waterborne mercury played a much larger role in biological uptake than sedimentderived mercury
  - Obviously upstream sediment can contribute to downstream water column
- Advective flow through contaminated sediment didn't increase biological uptake in mesocosm experiments





## **Options for Next Steps**

- Address Conceptual Model Questions
  - Mercury speciation
  - Impact of bank soils
- Test Remediation Options
  - Amendments
  - Treatment approaches









## Pre-Upgrade Preliminary Results





